Lord Mayor's Community Trust grant for feMMe trial

In July this year QCGC Research was awarded a grant of \$20,000 from the Lord Mayor's Community Trust.

The University of Queensland generously matched the \$20,000 under its Academic Title Holder's scheme, where academic title holders can apply to the University to match funded grants.

All in all, we received \$40,000 which went towards funding the feMMe trial. feMMe aims to revolutionise the way endometrial cancer is treated, by treating the cancer with the Mirena, an intra-uterine hormone releasing device (the same IUD device commonly used for contraception in wom- in securing a better future for all women en).

Currently, the standard treatment for women with endometrial cancer is a complete hysterectomy, associated with increased risk of complications and causes irrevocable infertility.

feMMe is especially important for women in their teens, 20s, 30s and 40s who want to have children of their own one day.

We thank the Lord Mayor's Community Trust and The University of Queensland for their generous support and for their part diagnosed with endometrial cancer.



Ladv Mavoress Anne Ouirk presents a cheque to Professor Andreas Obermain

A gift to remember



We recently received the sad news of the passing of Philippa Reilly, a patient of Andreas Obermair's. Shortly afterwards, we were overwhelmed to receive a bequest from Philippa for \$100,000. This makes Philippa's the largest bequest ever received by QCGC Research. Philippa had also donated generously to QCGC Research prior to her passing.

Up Close with Kerry Millgate

We hope the lasting legacy left by Philippa will bring them comfort.

We extend our deepest sympathies to Philippa's loved ones.

Philippa's bequest will support research activities that are making a difference in reducing the incidence of gynaecological cancer, reducing the number of women who die from these cancers and improving the quality of life for women after cancer treatment



Are you interested in leaving a bequest to QCGC in your will? For more information, please contact Lisa Harrold on (07) 3646 5486 or l.harrold1@uq.edu.au

trying to master stand-up paddle boarding!

What is your role at QCGC Research? I am a clinical trial coordinator. Clinical research requires a team effort and the coordinator provides the link between the participants and various other team members (researchers, doctors, scientists and other hospital staff). It generally oversees the day to day running of the trial. I am currently working on the feMMe trial.

How long have you been at QCGC **Research?**

I commenced in February 2010 to work on good part of my life wondering around the LEGS trial. the globe before finally settling in Brisbane

you?

advance our knowledge without the involvement of the study participants. I am fortunate that my role allows me to work with women who are taking a proactive role not only in their own health but in improving that care for future generations.

one, who would it be and why?

cious humanitarian who believed that the basic attribute of mankind should be to look after each other. Twenty years after his passing, I don't think it's a bad motto to live by.



GOOD News Edition 6 - December 2013

Kerry, tell us a bit about yourself

with my husband. I enjoy canoeing,

I am a registered nurse and have been

involved in clinical research for 11 years. I

grew up in country NSW then spent a

evel 6 Ned Hanlon Building Royal Brisbane & Women's Hospital Herston QLD 4029 Phone (07) 3646 8522 www.gyncan.org



Follow us on Facebook - search for QLD Centre for Gynaecological Cancer . Research'

Gynaecological Oncology

Small

business

helps out in a

big way

"It takes a noble man to

plant a seed for a tree

that will someday give

shade to people he may

We wish to make special

mention of Matisse Fram-

ing, Alderley. This family

owned business was estab-

lished over 29 years ago by

Donna, a patient of Dr Jim

Nicklin, passed away from

gynaecological cancer just

Ian fosters a strong belief in

supporting cancer research

and as such, Matisse Fram-

ing has been donating to

QCGC Research annually in

Although Ian believes he is

'just a small donor,' we hold

him in high esteem and are

truly grateful for his ongo-

We thank Ian and his admi-

rable organisation for their

valued contributions to

QCGC Research over recent

We look forward to meeting Ian in person early next year, when he plans to visit

Donna & Ian Lauder.

over six years ago.

memory of Donna.

ing generosity.

vears.

the centre.

David E. Trueblood

never meet."



Message from the Director of Research

2013 has been an exciting year for QCGC Research, with many exciting research projects pressing ahead and delivering promising results.

You may have seen some of the national media coverage about the breast cancer/ gynaecological cancer discovery, which was made right here at QCGC Research. With breast cancer patients having a 40% increased risk of ovarian cancer and 150% increased risk of endometrial cancer, the study looked at the effect of preventative hysterectomy in breast cancer patients.

As we expected, preventative hysterectomy lowered this risk to 0%. An unexpected finding however, was the markedly improved response rate to chemotherapy in breast cancer patients, as well as a drastically reduced risk of breast cancer relapse. This is a world-first, unprecedented finding and will go a long way in determining the best treatment for these women.

We recently held our QCGC symposium, which was a great success. The symposium provided



Image source: Zazzle.com.a

cycling and bushwalking and am currently What is it about your role that inspires We cannot do clinical research studies and

If you could spend an hour with any-

Fred Hollows was a compassionate, tena-



an update on diagnosis and treatment of gynaecological cancer and the ways in which a gynaecological cancer diagnosis affects daily "normal" life. We also discussed the latest developments in state-wide and international gynaecological cancer research. It was great to see so many familiar faces there on the day.

My team and I are once again in 'Battle mode' that's right, it's Battle Against Ovarian Cancer time already! Previous players and newcomers alike are all geared up to join us for this wonderful day of sun, fun and sand. 2014 is especially exciting, as this time we have the valued support of Lexus of Brisbane as our naming rights partner. What a wonderful, community-spirited organisation!

Finally, I wish you all a happy and joyous festive season. I hope you get some time to cherish your friends and loved ones and appreciate the well-earned break. I plan to spend some valuable time overseas with my family scuba diving, trekking and reading Austrian novels - it's a great way to keep both languages up!

I look forward to writing to you again in 2014.

Alama

Prof Andreas Obermair Director of Research Queensland Centre for Gynaecological Cancer (OCGC) Obermair@gyncan.org



Zonta goes troppo for cancer research



The members of the Zonta Club in Redcliffe recently welcomed Dr Andrea Garrett to their "Island Night" fundraising event in October.

The club raised an astonishing \$5,000 for QCGC Research (specifically ovarian cancer research).

Founded in 1919, Zonta International is a global organisation of executives and professionals working together to advance the status of women worldwide through service and advocacy.

With more than 30,000 members belonging to more than 1200 Zonta Clubs in 65 countries and geographic areas, Zontians all over the world volunteer their time, talents and support to local and international service projects.

We thank this wonderful organisation for their philanthropy, generosity and genuine commitment to providing a better future for women.

QCGC grants gaining momentum

2013 saw QCGC Research receive nearly \$200,000 in grants from the University of Queensland, Cherish Women's Cancer Foundation and the Lord Mayor's Community Trust.

In particular, these grants provided funding for:

- The PET (Positron Emission Tomography) scan project – aims to make PET scanning standard procedure for women diagnosed with advanced ovarian cancer. Currently, a woman may only find out the cancer has spread to her chest when it is too late. PET scanning is extremely sensitive in detecting the smallest amounts of cancer in the chest, but is expensive and not widely accepted in the medical field yet
- feMMe trial (see update below)
- Prophylactic (preventative) hysterectomy to prevent gynaecological cancer in breast cancer patients (see update below)
- Relationship between obesity, steroid receptor signalling and serum inflammatory markers in endometrial cancer - obesity is the biggest risk

feMMe (Mirena) Trial

We currently have six hospitals across Brisbane participating in the feMMe trial, with interstate hospitals coming on board soon. As at mid November, six ladies have joined the feMMe trial. A further 159 will join the trial in the future.

Endometrial cancer is a cancer arising from the endometrium (the lining of the uterus).

Endometrial hyperplasia is the medical term for unusual or excessive cell growth in the inner lining of the uterus. It means that there are more cells than you would expect to see in the walls of the uterus. Atypia means that the cells look different from normal cells, but that they don't have all the features of cancer cells. Hyperplasia *with* atypia means that the cells look different from normal and that there are more cells than you would expect to see.

The current standard treatment for early stage endometrial cancer or endometrial hyperplasia with atypia is a total hysterectomy (an operation to remove the uterus) and removal of both ovaries. factor for endometrial cancer. Obesity is connected with extra estrogen (the female sex hormone) production and persistent inflammation, however the relationship between estrogen activity and inflammation in endometrial cancer is not understood. This study will look at the effects inflammation, obesity and estrogen have on each other in endometrial cancer

Prognostic value of HE4 and CA125 in endometrial cancer patients - we currently rely on biopsy to determine the "aggressiveness" of a tumour. This is not accurate enough. This study will assess whether using a combination of HE4 and CA125 levels in the blood can predict a more aggressive endometrial cancer. HE4 and CA125 are tumour markers—a substance found in the body that can be elevated in the case of cancer.

Grants are essential in continuing the work we do here at QCGC Research and we sincerely thank these valuable contributors for their much-needed support.

While highly effective, this surgery carries significant side effects for:

- young women who still wish to have children and would lose fertility
- women with one or more disorders (or diseases) in addition to the early stage endometrial cancer or endometrial hyperplasia with atypia
- morbidly obese woman who have an increased risk for surgical complications.

The feMMe trial will access a new approach to the treatment of endometrial cancer, therefore sparing women major surgery. Our aim is to find out the effectiveness of Mirena[®] (a hormonal intra-uterine device), Mirena[®] with Metformin (an oral anti-diabetic drug), and Mirena[®] with weight loss at eliminating endometrial cancer and endometrial hyperplasia with atypia.

A special thank you to the ladies participating in the feMMe trial.

Prophylactic hysterectomy in breast cancer patients

In October, our most recent publication on the preventative effect of hysterectomy and ovaries removal in breast cancer patients was published.

As I briefly touched on in my director's message, breast cancer patients normally have a 40% increased risk for ovarian cancer and 150% increased risk for endometrial cancer.

In our study, preventative hysterectomy lowered this risk to 0%. Also, with the subsequent reduction in

estrogen load, chances of surviving breast cancer were greatly increased for those women who had undergone the preventative surgery.

The procedure is best suited to pre-menopausal women who have passed their child-bearing years.

This project is the result of a three-year collaboration between Cancer Council Queensland, QUT and our centre. It has been published prominently because it reports on a world-first finding, unknown before.



Join us for the 2014 Battle Against Ovarian Cancer! On Sunday 23 February 2014, corporate, community and social teams will come together for a memorable day to raise money for vital gynaecological cancer research.

We'll even have a team of Former Origin Greats ready to put their beach volleyball skills to the test!

Players of all ages and skill levels are welcome - you need not ever have stepped foot on a beach volleyball court.

Get your team of 5-10 players together and visit www.battleagainstovariancancer.org to register.



Find us on Facebook - search for 'Battle Against Ovarian Cancer'

Patient Profile | Kay Campbell



My name is Kay. I am 48 and have two wonderful children - a son aged 15 and a daughter aged ten. I was diagnosed with ovarian cancer in May 2008 just a few days before my daughter's sixth birthday. I have had surgery three times. Ovarian cancer is persistent and recurrence is common.



Terms and conditions available on website. To receive the latest news from Cherish Women's Cancer Foundation, head to www.cherishfoundation.com.au to register your details

Eventually after more visits to GPs, a GP in Brisbane thought I should get an ultrasound as I might have gallstones. The sonographer picked up five cancerous spots on my liver. She requested an immediate CT scan. I had a mass in my abdomen and bowel cancer was suspected. Doctors diagnosed stage IV ovarian cancer which had spread to my bowel and liver.

I was given a 50/50 chance of surviving five years. The process from diagnosis to treatment was so quick that I didn't get a chance to get my head around what was going on. It is so scary your whole world is turned upside down. Your hopes and dreams for the future are suddenly challenged.